Supplementary Material of Consolidated Financial Results for the First Six Months of the Fiscal Year Ending March 2022 (IFRS)

Note on forward-looking statements:

The forward-looking statements, including results forecasts, included in this material are based on information that the Company has obtained and certain assumptions that the Company considers reasonable. The Company does not promise to achieve them. Actual results may differ materially from forecasts due to a number of factors.

This information is subject to change without notice and users are, therefore, advised to use this information and material, together with information obtained by other means, and to exercise their own judgment.

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Since the figures shown are rounded off to the nearest 1 billion yen, the sum of each item and the total may differ.



<Summary>

■ Revenue and profits both increased year on year. Results mostly recovered to pre-COVID levels.

♦ Revenue 364.1 billion yen 19.4% up

♦ Operating profit 14.2 billion yen 42.8% up

♦ Profit before tax 13.6 billion yen 41.5% up

♦ Profit attributable to owners of the parent7.3 billion yen
24.0% up

■ Steady progress was made, with operating profit progress of approx. 51% and profit attributable to owners of the parent progress of approx. 49%.

1. Profit & loss statement

(Unit : billion yen)		O2 of EV2021	Q2 of FY2022	Year-on-year		FY2022	
		Q2 01 F 1 2021	Q2 01 F 1 2022	Change	Change(%)	Forecast	Progress(%)
Rev	enue	304.9	364.1	59.3	19.4%	700.0	52.0%
Gro	ss profit	47.5	53.9	6.5	13.6%	-	-
Sellin	g, general and administrative expenses	(38.1)	(41.4)	(3.3)	-	-	-
Oth	er income (expenses)	0.6	1.7	1.1	179.3%	-	-
Ope	erating profit	10.0	14.2	4.3	42.8%	28.0	50.9%
	Interest income (expenses)	(0.9)	(0.7)	0.2	-	-	-
	Dividend income	0.4	0.5	0.1	-	-	-
	Other finance income (costs)	(0.2)	(1.5)	(1.4)	-	-	-
Fina	ance income (costs)	(0.7)	(1.7)	(1.1)	-	-	-
	of profit (loss) of investments accounted for the equity method	0.3	1.0	0.8	280.3%	-	-
Pro	fit before tax	9.6	13.6	4.0	41.5%	28.0	48.4%
Income tax expense		(2.4)	(4.2)	(1.8)	-	-	-
Profit for the period		7.2	9.4	2.2	30.3%	-	-
Profit attributable to owners of the parent		5.9	7.3	1.4	24.0%	15.0	48.6%
Ear	nings per share (yen)	70.34	87.24	16.90	24.0%	179.62	48.6%

[Revenue]

Increased 59.3 billion yen, primarily in the Steel, Materials & Plant segment.

[Operating profit]

Grew 4.3 billion yen, driven by the Foods, Meat & Grain segment.

[Profit before tax]

Increased 4.0 billion yen mainly due to a rise in the operating profit.

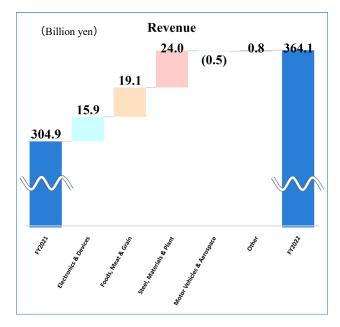
[Profit attributable to owners of the parent]

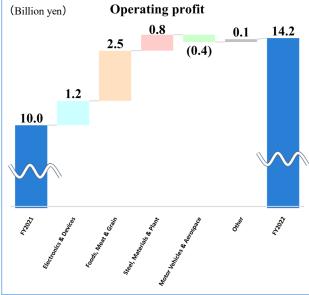
Increased 1.4 billion yen associated with a rise in profit before tax.

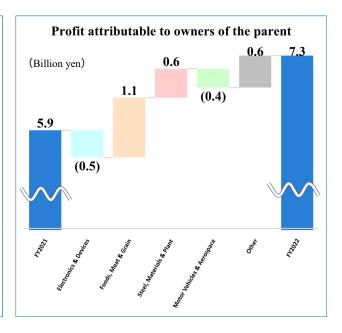
2. Segment information

	(Unit: billion yen)				
	Electronics & Devices				
	Foods, Meat & Grain				
	Steel, Materials & Plant				
	Motor Vehicles & Aerospace				
Total for reportable segments					
Other (including adjustment)					
Grar	nd total				

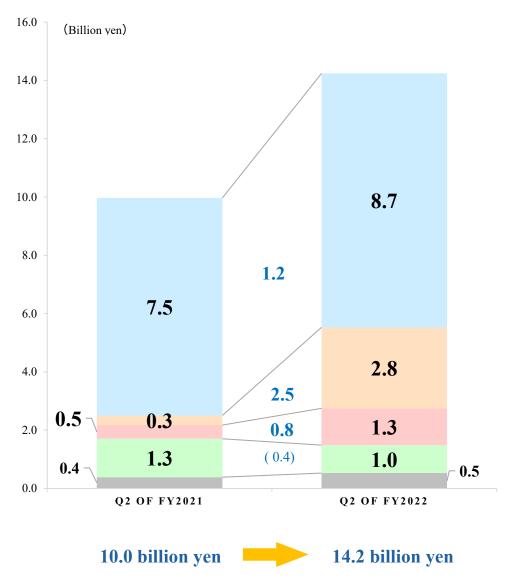
Revenue				Operating profit				Profit attributable to owners of the parent						
Q2 of	Q2 of	Change	FY2022	Q2 of	Q2 of	Change	FY20)22	Q2 of	Q2 of	Change	FY20)22	
FY2021	FY2022	Change	Forecast	Progress	FY2021	FY2022	90	Forecast	Progress	FY2021	FY2022		Forecast	Progress
102.9	118.8	15.9	250.0	48%	7.5	8.7	1.2	19.2	45%	3.5	3.0	(0.5)	9.0	33%
122.9	142.0	19.1	260.0	55%	0.3	2.8	2.5	3.5	79%	0.8	1.9	1.1	2.3	84%
41.2	65.2	24.0	110.0	59%	0.5	1.3	0.8	3.1	41%	0.9	1.4	0.6	2.5	57%
32.5	32.0	(0.5)	70.0	46%	1.3	1.0	(0.4)	1.4	69%	0.9	0.6	(0.4)	0.9	62%
299.6	358.0	58.4	690.0	52%	9.6	13.7	4.1	27.2	50%	6.1	6.9	0.8	14.7	47%
5.3	6.1	0.8	10.0	61%	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.8	66%	(0.2)	0.4	0.6	0.3	124%
304.9	364.1	59.3	700.0	52%	10.0	14.2	4.3	28.0	51%	5.9	7.3	1.4	15.0	49%







3. Operating profit <Segment>



Causes of year-on-year increase/decrease 1.2 billion yen up [Electronics & Devices] The ICT solutions business performed strongly, mainly due to growth in projects related to network security and storage-related projects. In the mobile business, operating profit increased slightly, impacted by the declaration of a state of emergency and decreased supporting payments from telecomunication carriers, although store footfall was returning. The semiconductor parts and manufacturing equipment business remained strong with growth in shipments of manufacturing equipment and consumables related to semiconductors and LCD panels in response to strong demand. 2.5 billion yen up [Foods, Meat & Grain] In the meat products business, operating profit increased sharply after the struggle in food service-related sales in the previous year, aided by rising prices of livestock products in general, in addition to a recovery in demand. The food business remained strong on growth in transactions of products for the retail market. The grain and feedstuff business remained firm under rising prices of grain and feedstuff. **0.8** billion yen up [Steel, Materials & Plant] The steel tubing business performed strongly, following the recovery of energy demand. The machine tools and industrial machinery business remained firm, recovering from the business environment in the same period of the previous fiscal year when the business had been strongly affected by COVID-19. However, in the energy business, operating profit temporarily declined, although a recovery was expected due to winter deliveries. **0.4** billion ven down [Motor Vehicles & Aerospace] The aerospace business remained sluggish as contracts with government agencies were between seasons. In the motor vehicles and parts business, however, transactions of motor parts remained strong given the recovery of production at clients worldwide, including in

Europe and the U.S.

4. Cash Flows and Financial Status

(Unit: billion yen)	2Q of FY2021	2Q of FY2022	Change
CF from operating activities	20.4	10.1	(10.2)
CF from investing activities	(3.6)	(6.8)	(3.2)
Free cash flows	16.7	3.3	(13.4)
CF from financing activities	(22.5)	(6.4)	16.2

(Note: The amount of impact associated with the application of IFRS 16 Leases)

CF from operating activities
CF from financing activities

3.9	4.1	0.2
(3.9)	(4.1)	(0.2)

CF f	rom o	erating	activities]	
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Net cash provided by operating activities was 10.1 billion yen, mainly reflecting the accumulation of operating revenue.

[CF from investing activities]

Net cash used in investing activities was 6.8 billion yen, mainly due to the implementation of business investments, including the acquisition of subsidiaries and additional investment in companies accounted for by the equity method.

[CF from financing activities]

Net cash used in financing activities was 6.4 billion yen, mainly due to the repayment of borrowings and lease liabilities and dividends paid.

(Unit: billion yen)	3/2021	9/2021	Change
Total assets	557.5	564.3	6.8
Gross interest-bearing debt (Note 1)	122.2	123.9	1.7
Net interest-bearing debt	40.5	44.9	4.4
Shareholders' equity (Note 2)	143.9	149.1	5.2
Retained earnings	78.1	83.0	4.9
Other components of equity	12.4	12.5	0.2

(Note1) Gross interest-bearing debt = Total amount of bonds and loans minus lease liabilities

(Note2) Shareholders' equity = Total equity attribute to owners of the parent

Net debt-equity ratio (Note 4)

25.8%	26.4%	0.6% up
0.3 times	0.3 times	Almost same

(Note 3) Equity ratio = Shareholders' equity / Total assets

(Note 4) Net debt-equity ratio = Net interest-bearing debt / Equity capital

[Total assets]

Net assets rose 6.8 billion yen mainly due to increases in inventories and equity method investment.

[Interest-bearing debt]

Net interest-bearing debt rose 4.4 billion yen mainly due to an increase in short-term borrowings.

[Shareholders' equity]

Shareholders' equity rose 5.2 billion yen, chiefly due to an increase in profit attributable to owners of the parent.

The equity ratio came to 26.4%. The net debt-equity ratio ("net DER") was 0.3 times.



5. Dividends and Capital Efficency

[Dividends]

	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022(plan)
Annual dividend (yen per share)	48	60	60	60	60
Consolidated payout ratio	24.8%	30.3%	34.8%	37.6%	33.4%

[Profit attributable to owners of the parent, ROE & ROIC]

