## Consolidated Financial Results Briefing for the First Three Months of FY2021 Main Questions and Answers

July 31, 2020

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	[About Results for the	ne First Th	ree Montl	ns of FY20	021]		
	Please give details of the business results for the first three months, taking into consideration the						
	impact of factors such as the COVID-19 pandemic and changes in the business environment.						
1	During the first three months, the impact of the coronavirus pandemic was, to some extent, as						
	expected, with the declaration of a state of emergency causing people to refrain from going our						
	from April through May and lockdowns overseas.						
	• In the mobile business, profit declined due to decreased store footfall as people refrained from						
	going out and shorter opening hours.						
	• The semiconductor and LCD manufacturing equipment business was affected by delayed						
	shipments to China, among other factors.						
	• The food and meat products businesses saw dramatic decline in sales, mainly to the food service						
	sector, and despite growth in products for home cooking attributed to at-home consumption,						
	profits also struggled amid falling commodity prices.						
	· Oilfield tubing demand contracted due to oil and gas production cuts in North America in						
	response to the slump in energy demand, as well as falling oil prices.						
	Meanwhile, in the ICT solutions business, work style reform together with the impact of the						
	COVID-19 pandemic led to an increase in telework and growing demand for virtualization						
	servers. Despite some impact on business such as the extension of certain delivery dates in						
	April and May, performance was generally solid.						
	(Ref.) Operating profit (Segment margin)						
	(Unit : billion yen)	FY2020 1Q results	FY2021 1Q results	Change			
	ICT Solutions	0.7	0.9	0.2			
	Mobile	1.8	1.0	( 0.7)			
	Others	0.3	( 0.0)	( 0.4)			
	Electronics & Devices	2.8	1.9	( 0.9)			
	Foods	0.2	( 0.2)	( 0.4)			
	Meat products Grain, Food Soybeans &	0.6	( 0.1)	( 0.6)			
	Oilseeds	0.8	0.6	(0.1)			
	Others	( 0.1)	( 0.0)	0.1			
	Foods, Meat & Grain	1.5	0.4	( 1.1)			
	Machine Tools & Industrial Machinery	( 0.1)	( 0.1)	( 0.0)			
	Overseas	0.5	( 0.0)	( 0.5)			
	Energy, Chemical & Others	0.0	0.2	0.1			
	Charl Matarials 0 Di	0.4	0.0	(0.4)			

0.0

1.0

0.0

0.9

0.2

3.4

(0.1)

(0.4)

(0.2)

(0.2)

( 2.5)

0.0 ( 0.1)

0.4

0.4

0.6

0.1

0.2

0.9

0.3

5.8

Steel, Materials & Plant

Motor Vehicles & Aerospace

Motor Vehicles &

Aerospace

Parts Others

Others

**Grand total** 

	【About FY2021 Forecast】
Q 2	Progress made against the full-year forecast during the first three months was 12.5% for
	operating profit and 16.3% for profit attributable to owners of the parent. There was no revision to the forecasts. How do you envisage generating profit moving forward?
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A 2	The forecasts for FY2021, which were announced at the time of the financial results
	announcement for FY2020, were calculated on the assumption that the state of emergency would
	last until June. The state of emergency in Japan was gradually lifted from the end of May, which
	were more or less in line with expectations. Over the coming nine months, we will record revenue
	from sales to the food service industry in Japan, which slumped in April and May, and revenue
	from some exports which were postponed due to the suspension of operations at overseas plants,
0.0	and we intend to achieve our full-year forecasts.
Q 3	The ICT solutions business posted year-on-year profit growth for the first three months and
	performed strongly despite the COVID-19 crisis. What is your outlook for this business,
A 3	including the business environment?
AS	The recent shift towards telework, as part of workstyle reform and measures to control the spread of coronavirus, has led to an increase in potential demand stemming from IT investment by
	businesses in the medium term. Our first-half forecast also projects results which are mostly
	unchanged from the year-ago level. However, given delays in negotiating new business for the
	second half due to the state of emergency, we intend to monitor future demand trends.
0.4	The mobile business, is presumably facing challenges in terms of store operations, with
Q 4	recommendations that customers carry out procedures online and a system for booking store
	visits in advance. What is your outlook for this business, including the business environment and
	impact on results?
A 4	In the mobile business, store footfall during the first three months decreased dramatically year
	on year as stores shortened their opening hours under the state of emergency. Whilst
	improvements in store efficiency had some effect, operating profit also dropped sharply to around
	60% of the level a year earlier. The full-year performance of the mobile business depends on the
	extent to which footfall recovers from its slump. June results showed some degree of recovery and
	we are hopeful for the future.
Q 5	What is your outlook for the oilfield tubing business, given the decline in the rig count in North
	America primarily due to falling oil prices?
A 5	The oilfield tubing business is the business which will face the most challenging conditions out
	of all our businesses in FY2021 and things got off to a difficult start in the first three months as
	expected. We are currently taking steps to minimize negative impacts through cost reductions,
	government subsidies and so forth.
	[Investment]
Q 6	You are aiming for growth through investment in new businesses. Please give details of the
	progress of investments.
A 6	Despite the COVID-19 crisis, a number of projects are underway and progressing mostly as
	initially anticipated, despite the delay of some DDs.

	[Other]		
Q 7	Telework is currently recommended by central and local governments to prevent the spread of		
	the coronavirus. Please give details of the status of telework at Kanematsu.		
A 7	During the state of emergency, we urged all employees and temporary staff to work from home,		
	in principle, and, after the state of emergency was lifted, we recommended that employees		
	commute during off-peak hours or work from home.		
	≪Percentage of employees working from home≫		
	During state of emergency: Approx. 90%/After lifting of state of emergency: 40-50%		